iCanGarden.com Page 1 of 2



iCanGarden.com Page 2 of 2





This is just one of the aspects of the organic vs. conventional, and a discussion (argument) that will likely never end. I have no particular care which system gardeners use in their own gardens, I just repeat that gardeners in general should be aware that no plant can tell the difference in its source of nutrition; i.e. the plant does not know whether its nitrogen (or phosphorus, or potash) came from an organic source or a chemical source. Generally, fertilizers from chemical sources are much cheaper that those from organic sources. And, on the other side of the argument, fertilizers from organic sources are much better for the garden's soil than are those from chemical sources. However, the latter 'problem' can be at least partially be set aside by continually applying organic additives such as Canadian sphagnum peat moss, Coir and home compost to the garden soils.

Many pro-organic, anti-chemical fertilizer folks say that chemical fertilizers often spread far beyond the area to which they are applied; although a 40-year study I cited in 2002 (http://www.artdrysdale.com/may2002.html) stated there was little if any indication of nitrogen leaching as a result of home lawn fertilizing over a 40-year period! Check it out on my site!

On the other hand, "organic production allows natural pesticides, which can be toxic to humans and wildlife," says Alan McHughen, Ph.D., professor of botany and plant sciences at the University of California, Riverside. Organic fertilizers may also contain harmful bacteria, such as F. coli.

One only needs to think back as far as the Walkerton Ontario tragedy of May 2000 during which seven residents died and at least 2,500 became ill due to E. Coli contamination of a farm well. This contamination was directly linked to manure application (organic fertilizer!) to farm fields. In subsequent reports and court results (up to three-plus years later), two brothers who managed the city's water system were found guilty (of Common Nuisance which was a plea bargain), and a percentage of the blame was assigned to the Conservative provincial government of the time for having ordered certain cutbacks.

Yet another factor in the organic vs. conventional farming techniques is that organic farming yields only 75 to 90 percent of the crop of conventional systems, meaning that more land must be planted in order to have an equal return.

> PLANT A ROW GROW A ROW UN RANG POUR CEUX OUI ONT FAIM

Converted Organics Products Suppress Disease In

MORE

- Chocolate Bliss
- Indoor Gardening the Organic
- Burpee The Complete Flower Gardener Book

MORE

products

- Taylor's Weekend Gardening ORGANIC PEST AND
 DISEASE CONTROL: How to
 Grow a Healthy Problem-Free
- by Barbara Ellis
 Taylor's Weekend Gardening
 Guide to
 SAFE AND EASY LAWN
 - The Complete Guide to Organic Low-Maintenance Lawns by Barbara Ellis BUGS SLUGS & OTHER
- THUGS
- THUGS
 Controlling Garden Pests
 Organically by Rhonda
 Massingham Hart
 bbg INVASIVE PLANTS:
 Weeds of the Global Garder
 a Brooklyn Botanic Garden
- Handbook
 Rodale's ALL-NEW
 ENCYCLOPEDIA OF
 ORGANIC GARDENING
 The Indispensable Resource for Every Gardener edited by Fem Marshall Bradley &

MORE

links

- John and Bobs Organic Soil
- Conditioners
 Scotch Thistle (our society
- Common Ontario Weeds
- The Daily Gardener
 Gardening Tips & Reviews |
 Organic Vegetable & Indoor

MORE

classified

- digitalis papaver etc Hubbard squash Heirloom "old-timey" seeds desired
- 4. 5. Climbing Milkweed

forum

- what are you planting now? RE: comfrey

- soil building growing roses through photo-synthesis
- 5. growing roses through photo-

MORE

Ads by Google

A.M.A. Plastics Ltd. Nursery Containers

by: Dillen, Nursery Supplies, Western Pulp

www.amaplas.com

You Love Gardens

Visit Hampton Court Flower Show Garden Visits, Member's Day www.HuronValleyTravel.



EDEN

