GROUP 4 HERBICIDE

BANVEL® HERBICIDE

SOLUTION

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL)

REGISTRATION NO. 18837 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY ENDANGERING LIFE OR PROPERTY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL DAY OR NIGHT 1-800-454-2673



CAUTION

POISON

WARNING: EYE IRRITANT

NET CONTENTS: 10 L, 55 L

E.P.A. Est. No. 55947-TX-1

READ THE LABEL AND BOOKLET BEFORE USING

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

BASF Canada Inc. 100 Milverton Drive 5th Floor Mississauga, Ontario L5R 4H1 1-877-371-2273

BANVEL® is a registered trademark of BASF.

ABOUT BANVEL

Banvel herbicide controls broadleaf weeds in cereals, field corn, reduced tillage (prior to seeding and reduced tillage fallow), pastures and rangeland grasses, crop-free land (summerfallow and stubble), red fescue, canary seed (*Phalaris canariensis*), seedling grasses grown for seed and forage and low bush blueberries.

PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

Thaw if frozen. Shake before use.

Applicators must wear a long-slee ved shirt, long pants and chemical-resistant g loves. For applications to non-crop areas, applicators must also wear coveralls.

DO NOT enter treated fields until 12 hours after application to barley, low bush blueberries, canary seed (Phalaris canariensis), corn (field), fallow, oats, pastures, red fescu e, spring rye, seedling grasses, stubble fields, summer fallow and wheat (spring, durum).

If this pest control product is to be used on a commodit y that may be exported to the U.S. and you require information on acceptable residue levels in the U.S., visit CropLife Canada's web site at www.croplife.ca.

FIRST AID

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rin se slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if prese nt, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Ca II a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vo miting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Dicamba may cause severe irritation to the eyes and irritation to the skin an d mucous membranes. Symptoms of overexposure to dicamba may include dizziness, muscle weakness, loss of appetite, weight loss, vomiting, decreased heart rate, shortness of breath, excitement, tenseness, depression, incontinence, cyanosis, muscle spasms, exhaustion and loss of voice.

Treat symptomatically.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- 1. **Banvel** should not be applied on or near desirable trees or plants.
- 2. Apply **Banvel** when air temperature is between 10 and 25°C. Do not apply when there is a risk of severe fall in night temperature after use.
- 3. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water. Thoroughly clean application equipment.
- 4. Do not treat areas where movement of the chemical into the soil or surface washin g may bring **Banvel** into contact with roots of desirable plants.
- 5. Crop damage can occur if the chemical is applied at any ti me other than the recommended crop stage.

NOTE: Crops growing under stre ss from ad verse environmental conditions such as excess moisture, droug ht, disease, etc., may suffer a furt her setback and exhibit more pronounced injury symptoms if **Banvel** is applied. However, the crop injury that may occur is usually offset by the weed control obtained.

- 6. Do not use additives such as oil, wetting ag ents, emulsifiers, detergents, spreaders, sticking agents, or dispersing agents with **Banvel** herbicide on crops.
- 7. For information on feeding and grazing of beef and dairy cattle on treated vegetation and for recommendations on treatment/harvest intervals, refer to the Table on Grazing Restrictions.
- 8. If **Banvel** is tank-mixed with anoth er product, such as 2,4-D, consult that product's label for additional safety pr ecautions, restrictions, application rates, timings and additional weeds controlled.
- 9. Ensure that spray equipment used to apply **Banvel** is properly cleaned before re-using to apply any other chemicals. See section on suggested procedure for cleaning spray equipment.

SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

Banvel herbicide may cause injury to desirable trees and plants, particularly soybeans, flowers, fruit trees, grapes, ornamentals, peas, potatoes, tomatoes, tobacco, and other broadleaf plants especially in their developmental and growing stage. Follow these precautions when spraying in the vicinity of sensitive crops:

- 1. Avoid spraying when winds are gusty or in excess of 8 km/h and moving towards sensitive crops. Leave an adequate buffer zone between treatment areas and sensitive plants.
- 2. Use coarse sprays since they are less likely to drift than fine sprays. Select nozzles which minimize amounts of the fine spray particles. Keep the spray pressure below 150 kPa and the spray volume above 220 L/ha unless otherwise required by the nozzle manufacturer.
- 3. Do not spray when the temperature is expected to exceed 30°C.
- 4. Avoid spraying under conditions of high humidity or fog.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

TOXIC to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Field Sprayer Application

DO NOT apply during p eriods of dead calm. A void application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) coarse classification. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

Aerial Application (Cereals [not underseeded to legumes] in Western Canada only)

DO NOT apply during p eriods of dead calm. A void application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at fl ying height at the site of application. DO NOT apply wit h spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) coarse classification. To reduce drift caused by turbulent wingtip vortices, the nozzle distribution along the spray boom length MUST NOT exceed 65% of the wingspan or rotor span.

DO NOT apply this product directly to freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands), estuarin e or marine habitats.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation/drinking water supplies or aquatic h abitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Surface Runoff

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habita ts, consider the characteristics and conditions of the site b efore treatment. Site characteristics and conditions that may lead to runoff include, but are not limited to, heavy rain fall, moderate to steep slope, bare soil, poorly draining soil (e.g. soils that are compacted, fine textured or low in organic matter such as clay).

Potential contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including an untreated vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

Avoid applying this product when heavy rain is forecast.

Leaching

The use of this chemical may result in contamination of groundwater particularly in areas where soils are permeable (e.g. sand, loamy sand and sandy loam soils) and/or the depth to the water table is shallow.

Buffer Zones

Use of the following spray methods or equipment DO NOT require a buffer zone: h and-held or backpack sprayer, and spot treatment.

The buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, rangelands, riparian areas and shrublands), sensitive freshwater habitats, (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands) and estuarine/marine habitats.

When a tank mixture is used, consult the labels of the tank mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture.

Method of	Cro	р	Buffer Z	ones (metre	s) Required	for the Prote	ection of:
Application			Freshwater Habitat of E		Estuarin	Estuarine/Marine	
			Dep	ths:	Habitats of	of Depths:	Habitat
			Less than	Greater	Less	Greater	
			1 m	than 1 m	than 1 m	than 1 m	
Field	Barley, oats, rye	e, wheat,	0	0	0 0		1
sprayer*	canary seed (Pl	halaris					
	canariensis), for	rage grass					
	(seedlings)						
	Corn, forage grass		1	1	0 0		4
	(established), re						
	Stubble fields, f	allow land	1	1	0	0	5
	Pasture and rar		1	1	0 0		10
	non-cropland (2	.2 kg a.i./ha)					
	Blueberry (low b	bush)	1	1	1	0	15
Aerial	Barley, oats,	Fixed wing	0	0	0 0		50
(Western	rye, wheat						
Canada		Rotary wing	0	0	0 0		45
only)							

Buffer Zones Using ASAE Coarse Applications

* For field sprayer application, buffer zones can be reduced with the use of drift-reducing spray shields. When using a spray boom fitted with a full shield (shroud, curtain) that extends to the crop canopy, the labelled buffer zone can be reduced by 70%. When using a spray boom where individual nozzles are fitted with cone-shaped shields that are no more than 30 cm above the crop canopy, the labelled buffer zone can be reduced by 30%.

CEREALS (NOT UNDERSEEDED TO LEGUMES)

Treatment Notes

- 1. For best performance, spray when weeds are in the 2 to 3 leaf stage and rosettes are less than 5 cm across.
- 2. Use the higher level of listed rate ranges when treating more mature weeds or dense vegetative growth.
- 3. Crop damage can occur if applica tion is made at any time other than the recommende d crop stage.
- 4. Do not apply **Banvel** or **Banvel** tank-mixes if crop is under-seeded to legumes.

Application Directions

Ground Application

Apply **Banvel** or **Banvel** tank-mixes in at least 110 litres of water/ha.

Aerial Application (Western Canada Only)

Apply only by fixed-wing or rot any aircraft equipment which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overla pped application, use appropriate marking devices.

Use Precautions

Apply only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allo w for complete and even crop coverage. Apply only under conditions o f good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual, developed by th e Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides.

Do not apply to any body of water. Avoid drifting of spray onto any body of water or other nontarget areas. Specified buffer zones should be observed.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift, therefore, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist). Do not apply during periods of dead calm or when wind velocity and direction pose a risk of spray drift. Do not spray when the wind is blowing towards a nearby sensitive crop, garden, terrestrial habitat (such as shelter-belt) or aquatic habitat.

Operator Precautions

Do not allow the pilot t o mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

The field crew and the mixer/loaders must w ear chemical resistant gloves, co veralls and goggles or face shield during mixing/loading, cleanup and repair. Follow the more stringent label precautions in cases wher e the oper ator precautions exceed the g eneric label recommendations on the existing ground boom label.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

Product Specific Precautions

Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. If you have questions, call the manufacturer at 1-877-371-BASF (2273) or obtain technical advice from the distributor or your provincial agricultural representative. Application of this specific product must meet and/or conform to the following:

- 1. **Banvel** or **Banvel** phenoxy herbicide tank-mixes may be aerially applied in not less than 20 litres of water/ha.
- 2. Apply **Banvel** alone at 230 mL /ha or tank mix **Banvel** at 230 mL/ha with the recommended rate of the phenoxy herbicides specified on this label.
- 3. Treat when wind is 3 to 15 km/hr. Do not apply during periods of dead calm or when weather conditions may cause drift from target areas to adjacent sensitive crops.
- 4. Do not use nozzle pressure above 200 kPa.
- 5. Do not spray when the wind is b lowing towards a nearby sensitive crop, garde n, or shelterbelt.
- 6. Do not use any additives with **Banvel** herbicide.

Weeds Controlled

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
buckwheat, tartary buckwheat, wild cockle, cow cleavers (higher rate only) lady's thumb sow-thistle, perennial (top growth only) smartweed, green spurry, corn thistle, Canada (top growth only)	Banvel alone at 230-290 mL/ha	none
<u>All of the above plus:</u> burdock (young seedlings) canola, <i>volunteer</i> * cocklebur flixweed hemp-nettle** kochia pigweed, <i>redroot</i> pigweed, <i>Russian</i> radish, <i>wild</i> shepherd's-purse sunflower, <i>volunteer</i> *** thistle, <i>Russian</i>	Banvel at 230 mL/ha	2, 4-D amine OR MCPA amine OR MCPA K
<u>All of the above plus:</u> chickweed; hemp-nettle** spurry, <i>corn;</i> stinkweed; sunflower, volunteer***	Banvel at 230 mL/ha +	Sencor OR Lexone
<u>All of the above plus:</u> buckwheat, <i>wild;</i> canola, <i>volunteer;*</i> sow- thistle, <i>perennial</i> (top growth only) thistle, <i>Canada</i> (top growth only)	Banvel at 230 mL/ha +	Ally

- * Best results will be obtained if application is made prior to bolting of canola, when this weed is at the 2 to 4 leaf stage.
- ** Use **Banvel** + MCPA K for hemp-nettle control. Apply at the 2 to 3 leaf stage of weed for best control. Hemp-nettle may not be controlled if application is made at a more advanced stage of crops and weeds.
- *** Depending on the growing conditions, control may be slightly delayed.

Application Directions

Banvel may be applied to:

- Spring Wheat
- Spring Barley
- Winter Wheat
- Oats
- Spring Rye

The following sections describe application directions for these crops.

Spring Wheat

Herbicide Mix	Rate/ha	Crop Stage
Banvel alone	230-290 mL/ha	2-5 leaf
+ 2,4-D amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf
or MCPA amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf
or MCPA K	1.1 L/ha (400 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf
or Sencor 500*	275-425 mL/ha**	2-3 leaf
or Lexone DF*	275 g/ha	2-3 leaf
or Ally***	lly*** 5 g/ha	

^{*} Sencor/Lexone tank-mixes apply to Western Canada only. Application may be delayed until the 4-leaf stage of the crop however, crop tolerance may be reduced. Apply **Banvel** at 230 mL/ha with Sencor/Lexone.

** Use the higher rate of Sencor 500 for control of volunteer sunflowers.

*** Ally tank-mixes apply to Western Canada only. Apply **Banvel** at 230 mL/ha with Ally. Ensure that Ally is completely in suspension in the spray tank before adding **Banvel**. Do not add a surfactant.

Spring Rye

Herbicide Mix	Rate/ha	Crop Stage
Banvel alone	230-290 mL/ha	2-3 leaf
+ 2,4-D amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/ L formulation)	2-3 leaf

Spring Barley

Herbicide Mix	Rate/ha	Crop Stage
Banvel alone	230-290 mL/ha	2-5 leaf
+2,4-D amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf
or MCPA amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf
or MCPA K	1.1 L/ha (400 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf
or Sencor 500*	275-425 mL/ha**	2-3 leaf
or Lexone DF*	275 g/ha	2-3 leaf
or Ally*** 5 g/ha		2-5 leaf

* Sencor/Lexone tank-mixes apply to Western Canada only. **NOTE:** Do not use on Klondike barley.

** Use the higher rate of Sencor 500 for control of volunteer sunflowers.

*** Ally tank-mixes apply to Western Canada only. Apply **Banvel** at 230 mL/ha with Ally. Ensure that Ally is completely in suspension in the spray tank before adding **Banvel**. Do not add a surfactant.

Winter Wheat

Herbicide Mix	Rate/ha	Crop Stage
Banvel alone	230-290 mL/ha	15-25 cm tall or before shot blade stage
+ 2,4-D amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	15-25 cm tall or before shot- blade stage
or MCPA amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	
or MCPA K	1.1 L/ha (400 g/L formulation)	

Oats

Herbicide Mix Rate/ha		Crop Stage
Banvel alone	230-290 mL/ha	2-5 leaf
+ MCPA amine	850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf
or MCPA K	1.1 L/ha (400 g/L formulation)	2-5 leaf

Grazing Restrictions

DO NOT permit lactating dairy animals to graze fields within 7 days after application.

DO NOT harvest forage or cut hay within 30 days after application.

Withdraw meat animals from treated fields at least 3 days before slaughter.

FIELD CORN

DO NOT apply by air.

Treatment Notes

- 1. Apply **Banvel** or **Banvel** tank-mixes in 220 to 350 litres of water/ha at a pressure of 150 to 275 kPa. Use coarse sprays.
- 2. Keep spray mixture in suspension a t all times. If mixture is allowed to settle, thorou ghly agitate the mixture before spraying.
- 3. Do not apply to sweet corn.
- 4. Do not use additives such as oil, wetting agents, emulsifiers, deter gents, spreaders, sticking agents, or dispersing agents on corn with **Banvel** herbicide.
- 5. Corn height refers to the crop as it stands, not leaf-extended.
- 6. When using drop pipes (drop nozzles), direct t he spray beneath the lo wer leaves of the corn and onto the weeds and soil. Do not apply to corn over 50 cm in height.
- 7. Apply no later than 2 weeks prior t o tassel emergence when using **Banvel** alone up to 50 cm.
- 8. For the best control of annuals, spray when they are actively growing an d in the seedling stage. Poor results may occur if weeds are well advanced at the time of application.
- 9. When applying **Banvel** herbicide adjacent to sensitive crops, apply as a pre-emergent or early post-emergent treatment to avoid potential drift onto these sensitive crops.

BANVEL/LIQUID NITROGEN

Pre-emergent applications of **Banvel** herbicide are gen nitrogen fertilizers. To determine compatibility, mix all co proportionate quantities in a small jar before mixing in the ball-up or form flakes, sludge, jelly, oily films or layers, or after mixing, the tested spray-mix is compatible.

Weeds Controlled

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
bindweed, <i>field**</i> buckwheat, <i>tartary</i> buckwheat, <i>wild</i> cleavers cockle, <i>cow</i> lady's-thumb lamb's-quarters* mustard, <i>hare's-ear</i>	Banvel alone at 600 mL - 1.25 L/ha	none

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
mustard, Indian		
mustard, <i>tumble</i>		
mustard, wild		
mustard, wormseed		
pigweed, <i>redroot</i> *		
pigweed, <i>Russian</i>		
ragweed, common*		
ragweed, <i>false</i>		
ragweed, <i>giant</i>		
sow-thistle, <i>perennial</i> **		
spurry, <i>corn</i>		
smartweed, green		
thistle, Canada**		
velvetleaf		

- * Including atrazine-resistant species.
- ** Apply **Banvel** annually for three years at the flowering stage of bindweed and the budding stage of thistles.

Pre-Emergence Treatment EASTERN CANADA ONLY

- 1. **Banvel** can be used in tank-mixes with Dual Magnum, Dual II Magnum, Frontier Max, and, Aatrex Liquid 480 Herbicide for additional broadleaf and grassy weed control.
- 2. **Banvel** can be used alone at 1.25 L/ha or tank-mixed with the following herbicides:

Herbicide	Rate/ha	
Dual Magnum	2.0 - 2.75 L	
Dual II Magnum	2.0 - 2.75 L	
Frontier Max	756 - 963 mL	
Aatrex Liquid 480 Herbicide*	2.1 – 3.1 L/ha	

* Other atrazine formulations will require a rate calculation adjustment according to percent active ingredient.

Pre-Emergence Treatment Notes

- Apply **Banvel** tank-mixes as broad cast ground treatments after planting but befor re weeds and corn emerge.
- Apply to medium to fine textured soils containing more than 2.5% organic matter.
- Do not use on sandy or sandy loam soils.
- Avoid direct chemical contact with the corn seed. If you plan to apply **Banvel** prior to corn emergence, be sure to place the corn seeds 4 cm or more below the soil surface. If seeds are planted less than 4 cm below the soil surface, delay application of **Banvel** until the spike stage.
- Do not incorporate. If applications are made during planting, apply **Banvel** far enough behind the planting equipment to avoid incorporation by the planter wheel or other covering device. If soil crusting makes it necessary to use a ro tary hoe after a pre-emerge nce treatment, delay hoeing the soil more than 1.3 cm deep.

• Always consult the tank mix partner label for further limitations and restrictions (especially re: soil type).

Post-Emergence Treatment

Banvel or **Banvel** tank-mixes can be applied as "overlay" to corn previously treated with any other broadleaf or grass herbicide . The 1.25 L rate of **Banvel** as "overlay" is particularly effective in controlling velvetleaf and provi ding extended residual control of other late germinating, deep rooted annuals.

Note: Do not use additives such as oils, wetting agents, or sticking agents.

Banvel alone Spike to 5-leaf corn Eastern and Western Canada

Herbicide	Rate/ha	Corn Stage	Weed Stage
Banvel alone	1.25 L/ha	Emergence to 5-leaf	Pre-emergence to 2-leaf ¹

¹ For best performance, spray when the broadleaf weeds are emerged and up to the 2-leaf stage of their development.

Banvel Overlay Tank-Mixes Spike to 3-leaf corn Eastern Canada only

Herbicide	Rate/ha	Corn Stage	Weed Stage
Banvel + Aatrex Liquid 480	600 mL + 2.1 – 3.1 L/ha	Emergence to 3-leaf	Pre-emergence to 2-leaf ^{1, 2}

¹ For best performance, spray when the broadleaf weeds are emerged and up to the 2-leaf stage of their development.

² Do not apply beyond the 2-leaf stage of the grassy weeds.

Spike to 5-leaf corn Eastern Canada only

Herbicide	Rate/ha	Corn Stage	Weed Stage
Banvel + Frontier Max	1.25 L + 756 - 963 mL	Emergence to 3-leaf	Pre-emergence to 2-leaf**
Banvel + Aatrex Liquid 480*	1.25 L + 2.1 – 3.1 L/ha	Emergence to 5-leaf	Pre-emergence to 2-leaf

* Other atrazine formulations may require a rate calculation adjustment according to percent active ingredient.

** For the best control of annuals, apply before the 2- leaf stage of grassy weeds.

Spike to 50 cm standing corn Eastern and Western Canada

Herbicide	Rate/ha	Corn Stage	Weed Stage
Banvel alone	600 mL	Emergence to 50 cm (drop nozzles from 20-50 cm corn)	Pre-emergence to 2-leaf
Banvel + 2,4-D amine	290 mL + 850 mL	Emergence to 50 cm (drop nozzles from 20-50 cm corn)	Pre-emergence to 2-leaf

Sequential Banvel Applications

Eastern and Western Canada

Banvel may be applied sequentially to a **Banvel** application to control late-emerging weeds such as field bindweed, Canada thistle and velvetl eaf. Follow application directions as outlined for the **Banvel** alone post-emergence treatments up to 50 cm tall corn.

Grazing Restrictions

DO NOT permit lactating dairy animals to graze fields within 7 days after application.

DO NOT harvest forage or cut hay within 30 days after application.

Withdraw meat animals from treated fields at least 3 days before slaughter.

WEED CONTROL IN REDUCED TILLAGE (PRIOR TO SEEDING)

DO NOT apply by air.

Treatment Notes

- 1. **Banvel** + Roundup application s may be applied to emerged annual grass and annual broadleaf weeds in reduced tillage systems prior to seedi ng of wheat, barley, rye, oats, and field corn only.
- 2. Do not apply prior to seeding sweet corn.
- 3. Planting should follow soon after application since this tank-mix does not provide residual weed control.
- 4. Delayed planting fol lowing chemical application will a llow weeds to e merge between application and crop emergence.
- 5. For field corn, apply to medium to fine textured soils cont aining more than 2.5% organic matter. Do not use on sandy or sandy loam soil.
- 6. Certain broadleaf crops such as sweet corn, lentils, peas, canola and flax can be injured by a pre-seeding application of this tank-mix and should not be planted after the use of this tank-mix.
- 7. Under certain stress conditions, such as drought, cool temperatures or where extremely hard water (> 700 ppm Ca + Mg) will be used, use 50 L/ha of water wit h this tank-mix to help improve results.

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
Annual Grasses (Apply any time between emergence and heading) brome, downy cereals, volunteer darnel, Persian foxtail, green oats, wild	Banvel at 315 mL/ha +	Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide ***at 935 mL/ha + 0.5 L of a non-ionic surfactant in 100 L of water
Annual Broadleaves (Apply up to 15 cm height) buckwheat, wild* canola, volunteer cockle, cow flixweed*** kochia lady's-thumb lamb's-quarters mustard, wild pigweed, redroot smartweed stinkweed** thistle, Russian cleavers (1-4 whorls) (suppression only)		
Perennials (Apply before initiation of seed head or browning of lower leaves) barley, foxtail		

Application Directions

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
(suppression only)		

- * Apply at the 1 to 4-leaf stage.
- ** For optimal control of winter annual broadleaf weeds such as flixweed and stinkweed, 2,4-D should be applied to emerged, actively growing weeds in the fall the year prior to the **Banvel** + glyphosate spring pre-seeding tank-mix. Refer to the 2,4-D product label for appropriate rates.
- *** Other glyphosate formulations may be substituted for Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide. Only use glyphosate products registered for reduced or minimum tillage systems. Adjust product application rate based on active ingredient concentration.

WEED CONTROL IN REDUCED TILLAGE FALLOW

DO NOT apply by air.

Treatment Notes

- 1. Apply **Banvel** tank-mixes in the spring to fallow land when seedling weeds have emerged, and are actively growing at the 2 to 4-leaf stage.
- 2. Reduced control may occur if applications are made at an advanced stage of weed development.

Application Directions

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
buckwheat, <i>wild</i> buckwheat, <i>tartary</i> cockle, <i>cow</i> flixweed kochia lady's-thumb lamb's-quarters mustard, <i>wild</i> pigweed, <i>redroot</i> shepherd's-purse smartweed, <i>green</i> sow-thistle, <i>perennial</i> (top growth) stinkweed thistle, <i>Canada</i> (top growth) thistle, <i>Russian</i>	230 – 290 mL/ha +	1.1 L/ha of 2,4-D amine 500 OR 920 mL/ha of 2,4-D L.V. ester 600 in 50-100 L of water
barley, foxtail** buckwheat, wild** cereals, volunteer cockle, cow flixweed* foxtail, green kochia lady's-thumb lamb's-quarters mustard, wild oats, wild pigweed, redroot** canola, volunteer stinkweed thistle, Russian	290 mL/ha +	750 mL –1.0 L/ha Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide*** + 350 mL of a non- ionic surfactant registered for this use in 50-100 L of water

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
buckwheat, <i>wild</i>	600 mL/ha +	750 mL-1.0 L/ha Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide*** + 350 mL of an approved non-ionic surfactant in 50-100 L of water

- * For control of flixweed, use 1.0 L/ha of Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide.
- ** Suppression only.
- *** Other glyphosate formulations may be substituted for Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide. Only use glyphosate products registered for reduced tillage fallow. Adjust product application rate based on active ingredient concentration.

Banvel / Glyphosate Application Notes

- 1. These tank-mixes should be applie d to em erged actively growing annual weeds from 8-5 cm in height.
- 2. Use the higher rate of glyphosate when weeds are at a more advanced stage of growth.
- 3. For perennial weed control, refer to the appropriate section of this label for proper stages of growth and recommended stages of application.
- 4. Reduced control may occur if muddy water is used, su ch as water from dug-outs, ponds and unlined ditches.

PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL IN SUMMERFALLOW AND STUBBLE

DO NOT apply by air.

Treatment Notes

- 1. Apply **Banvel** herbicide in 110-220 litres of water/ha.
- 2. For the most effective control of Canada thistle, follow a long-term approach that includes in crop, post-harvest, and summerfallow treatments, in conjunction with tillage operations.
- 3. If application is made after September 1st, or if soil moisture levels are extremely low after application, crop injury may occur in the spring following application.

Weeds Controlled

Weeds Controlled	Rate	Recropping in Year Following
bindweed, field daisy, English dock, curled (top growth) goldenrod ragwort, tansy sow thistle, perennial thistle, Canada	Banvel alone at 2.5 L/ha	cereals soybeans field corn white beans sweet corn
thistle, <i>Canada</i> sow-thistle, <i>perennial</i>	Banvel at 1.25 L/ha + Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide *at 1.7 L/ha + 350 mL of a non-ionic surfactant	<u>All of the above plus:</u> canola

* Other glyphosate formulations may be substituted for Roundup Original Liquid Herbicide. Only use glyphosate products registered for summerfallow and stubble. Adjust product application rate based on active ingredient concentration.

Application Directions

Summerfallow Treatment Notes

1. Cultivate in the spring and apply **Banvel** when:

Weed	Weed Stage
Thistles	the majority of thistles are up and before the early bud stage (15-25 cm tall)
field bindweed	in the flowering stage
other weeds	in the early bud stage of growth

2. Cultivate three weeks after application.

Stubble Treatment Notes

Apply to regrowth after harvest and at least 2 weeks prior to a killing frost.

DO NOT permit lactating dairy animals to graze fields within 7 days after application.

DO NOT harvest forage or cut hay within 30 days after application.

Withdraw meat animals from treated fields at least 3 days before slaughter.

PERENNIAL ROSETTE CONTROL IN SUMMERFALLOW

DO NOT apply by air.

Treatment Notes

- 1. For the most effective control of Canada thistle, follow a long-term approach that includes in crop, post-harvest, and summerfallow treatments, in conjunction with tillage operations.
- 2. Commence early spring cultivation and continue as required throughout the summer. *Note:* The final cultivation must occur by the end of July between July 15 August 1 and the final cultivation should cut the thistle off 5 to 7.5 cm below the soil surface.
- 3. Spray in 110-220 L of water/ha when the majority of thistles have emerged as low growing rosettes 15 to 25 cm across
- 4. Apply at least two weeks prior to a killing frost.
- 5. Cultivate three weeks after application.

Weeds Controlled

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Recropping In Year Following
thistle, Canada	1.25 L/ha	cereals field corn

	white beans canola soybeans
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PASTURES, RANGELAND, AND NON-CROP AREAS

Banvel II herbicide may be used to control deciduous brush species and broadleaf weeds that are found growing along fence rows and in other areas around the farm where they may be undesirable.

DO NOT apply by air.

Treatment Notes

For high volume handwand applications, applicators must limit volume of solution used per day to 400 L (broadleaf control spot treatment only).

For Broadleaf Weed Control

- 1. Apply **Banvel** or **Banvel** tank-mixes in 110-220 L of wat er/ha when weeds are actively growing. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary to control weeds.
- 2. Do not apply **Banvel** or **Banvel** tank-mixes if pasture is underseeded to legumes.

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
bindweed, field daisy, English dock, curled (top growth) goldenrod ragwort, tansy sow-thistle, perennial thistle, Canada	Banvel alone at 2.1 L/ha	none
beard, goat's cherry ground, knapweed, diffuse sage, pasture sorrel, sheep spurge, thyme-leafed weed, poverty	Banvel alone at 4.6 L/ha	none
poison ivy	Banvel at 1.65 L/ha +	2.2 L/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation) in 560 L of water/ha
wild carrot <i>plus</i> additional weeds found on the 2,4-D amine label	Banvel at 2.1 L/ha +	2.2 L/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation)
<u>All of the above plus</u> : additional weeds found on the 2,4-D amine label	Banvel at 2.1 L/ha +	1.83 L/ha of 2,4-D L.V. ester (600 g/L formulation)

For Brush Weed Control

- 1. **Banvel** herbicide is effective in controlling many deciduous brush spe cies that are found growing along fence r ows and in other areas around t he farm where they may be undesirable.
- 2. Apply **Banvel** tank-mixes in spring or early summer to de ciduous species (leaves should be fully expanded) either as a leaf stem treatment or as a broadcast ground application.

- 3. Brush and trees over 2 meters tall should be cut and regrowth treated when it develops.
- 4. Do not apply **Banvel** tank-mixes if pasture or rangeland is underseeded to legumes.
- 5. For Stem F oliage Treatment, apply to all foliage and stems to the p oint of runoff. The volume of spray mix applied per hectare will vary according to the height and density of the woody species present.
- 6. For Broadcast Ground Treatment, apply **Banvel** tank-mixes in sufficient dilution to wet all foliage. Normally, 220-230 litres of water/ha is recommended for brush stands.

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
alder aspen poplar cherry western snowberry (buckbrush) wolf willow (silverwillow) wild rose	Banvel at 2.1 L /1000 L of water +	4.0 L of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation) OR 3.3 L of 2,4-D L.V. ester (600 g/L formulation)
aspen poplar	Banvel at 3.25 L/ha +	4.4 L/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation) OR 3.75 L/ha of 2,4-D L.V. ester (600 g/L formulation)
prickly rose	Banvel at 3.65 L/ha +	4.4 L/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation) OR 3.75 L/ha of 2,4-D L.V. ester (600 g/L formulation)
Western snowberry	Banvel at 3.65 L/ha +	3.75 L/ha of 2,4-D L.V. ester (600 g/L formulation)

Grazing Restrictions

DO NOT permit lactating dairy animals to graze fields within 7 days after application.

DO NOT harvest forage or cut hay within 30 days after application.

Withdraw meat animals from treated fields at least 3 days before slaughter.

SEED PRODUCTION

DO NOT apply by air.

For New/Established Stands of Red Fescue

- 1. Apply **Banvel** or **Banvel** tank-mixes in at least 110 litres of water/ha.
- 2. Applications to new seedling stands may be made when the crop is 5 cm tall.
- 3. Application to established stands may be made up to the shot-blade stage of the crop.
- 4. For dandelion control, apply **Banvel** plus 2,4-D a mine in the fall when weeds are in the rosette or early bud stage.

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
buckwheat, <i>wild</i> buckwheat, <i>tartary</i> cockle, <i>cow</i> clover lady's-thumb sow-thistle, <i>perennial</i> (top growth) spurry, <i>corn</i> smartweed, <i>green</i>	Banvel alone at 600 mL/ha	none

thistle, Canada (top grow	th)	
<u>All of the above plus:</u> additional weeds found on 2,4-D amine label	the 600 mL	

For Canary Seed (Phalaris canariensis)

- 1. The canary seed (*Phalaris canariensis*) should only be used as bird seed.
- 2. For specific weeds con trolled, refer to the **Banvel** + MCPA amine weed spectru m list under "Cereals".

Herbicide	Rate	Canary Seed <i>(Phalaris canariensis)</i> Stage
Banvel alone	290 mL/ha	3 - 5 leaf stage
Banvel + MCPA amine	290 mL/ha + 850 mL/ha (500 g/L formulation)	3 - 5 leaf stage

For Seedling Grasses (seeded alone or underseeded with cereals)

For seed and forage production of the following seedling grasses:

wheatgrass, <i>crested</i> wheatgrass, <i>intermediate</i> wheatgrass, <i>pubescent</i> wheatgrass, <i>slender</i> wheatgrass, <i>streambank</i> wheatgrass, <i>tall</i>

- 1. Apply **Banvel** or **Banvel** + tank-mixes in at least 110 litres of water/ha.
- 2. Application to new seedling grasses may be made when they are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage. If the seedling grass is under seeded with a cereal crop, r efer to "Cereals" for ad ditional restrictions pertaining to application type and rate.
- 3. If the crops are to be used as fee d or pasture following treatment wit h **Banvel**, **Banvel** plus 2,4-D amine or MCPA, refer to "Grazing Restrictions".

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
buckwheat, <i>tartary</i> buckwheat, <i>wild</i> cockle, <i>cow</i> cleavers (higher rate only) lady's-thumb sow-thistle, <i>perennial</i> (top growth) smartweed, <i>green</i> spurry, <i>corn</i> thistle, <i>Canada</i> (top growth)	Banvel alone at 230-290 mL/ha	none

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
<u>All of the above plus:</u> burdock (young seedlings) canola, <i>volunteer*</i> cocklebur flixweed hemp-nettle** kochia pigweed, <i>redroot</i> pigweed, <i>Russian</i> radish, <i>wild</i> shepherd's-purse sunflower, volunteer*** thistle, <i>Russian</i>	Banvel at 230-290 mL/ha	850 mL/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation) OR 850 mL/ha of MCPA amine (500 g/L formulation) OR 1.1 L/ha of MCPA K (400 g/L formulation)

- * Best results will be obtained if application is made prior to bolting of canola, when this weed is at the 2 to 4 leaf stage.
- ** Use Banvel + MCPA K for hemp-nettle control. Apply at the 2 to 3 leaf stage of weed for best control. Hemp-nettle may not be controlled if application is made at a more advanced stage of crops and weeds.
- *** Depending on the growing conditions, control may be delayed slightly.

For Established Grass Pasture

- 1. Apply **Banvel** at 600 mL/ha with 1.5 L/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation) to suppress volunteer alfalfa.
- 2. Apply **Banvel** + 2,4-D amine in 110-220 L/ha in the spring to actively growing alfalfa at greater than 5 cm in height.

LOW-BUSH BLUEBERRIES

DO NOT apply by air.

- 1. **Banvel** can be used alone or in a tank-mix with 2,4-D L.V. ester.
- 2. Apply **Banvel** or the **Banvel** tank-mix in 550 litres of water per hectare.
- 3. Apply in the fall while the sweet-fern is still moderately green after 90% of the blueberries have dropped their leaves. This should be done before the area is burned. Fall burning or cutting should be carried out 4 to 5 weeks after spraying. If spring burning or cutting is planned, it should be done as early as possible in the spring to reduce injury to the blueberries.

Weeds Controlled

Weeds Controlled	Banvel Rate	Tank Mix
fern, <i>sweet</i> Iambkill (sheep laurel)	4.6-7.1 L/ha	none
additional broadleaf control	2.3 L/ha +	5.7 L of 2,4-D L.V. ester (600 g/L formulation)

RESISTANCE-MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, **Banvel** is a Group 4 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants natur ally resistant to **Banvel** and other Group 4 he rbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linke d to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistancemanagement strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of **Banvel** or other Gro up 4 herbicides with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted.
- Herbicide use should be based on an IPM program t hat includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical), cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor treated weed populations for resistance development.
- Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment and planting clean seed.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact BASF at 1-877-371-2273.

CONTAINER CLEANING AND DISPOSAL

Do not reuse this cont ainer for any purpose. This is a re cyclable container, and it is to be dispose of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collect ion site in your area, dispose of the container in accor dance with provincial requirements.

For information on d isposal of unused, unwanted product, contact t he manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

Banvel alone or with 2,4-D or MCPA

If you have used **Banvel** herbicide alone or **Banvel** in a tank-mix with 2,4-D or MCPA, to clean the spray equipment follow these steps:

1. Thoroughly hose down the inside and outside of equipment surfaces while filling the spray tank half-full with water. Flush by o perating the sprayer until the syste m is purged of the rinse water.

- 2. Fill the tank with water, adding 1 L of house hold ammonia for every 100 L of water. Operate the spray pump to circulate the ammonia solution through the sprayer solution for 15-20 minutes and discharge a small amount of the ammonia solutio n through the spray boom and nozzles.
- 3. Flush the solution out of the spray tank through the boom.
- 4. Remove the nozzles and screens and flush the system with two tanks full of water.

Banvel with other Herbicides

To clean spray equipment used to apply **Banvel** herbicide as a tank-mix with wettable powders (WP), emulsifiable concentrates (EC) or other types of water-dispersible formulations, follo w these steps: (Note that if you use **Banvel** herbicide tank-mixes with water-dispersible formulation, you must add detergent to the rinse water.)

- 1. Thoroughly hose down the inside and outside of equipment surfaces while filling the spray tank half-full with water. Flush by o perating the sprayer until the syste m is purged of the rinse water.
- 2. Fill tank with water while adding 1 kg of detergent for every 150 litres of water. Operate the pump to circulate the detergent solution through the sprayer system for 5-10 minutes and discharge a small amount of the solution through the boom and nozzles. Let the solution stand for several hours, preferably overnight.
- 3. Flush the detergent solution out of the spray tank through the boom.
- 4. Repeat step 1 and follow steps 2 and 3.

BULK CONTAINER REFILLING

- 1. The container is to be refilled only with **Banvel**.
- 2. Reseal and return to an authorized BASF Bulk Site.
- 3. Prior to refilling, inspect thoroughly for damage such a s cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions and damaged or worn threads on closure devices.
- 4. Check for leaks after refilling and before transportation.
- 5. Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking containers.
- 6. For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.
- 7. If the container is not being refilled refer to Section on 'Container Cleaning and Disposal'.

STORAGE

- 1. Store **Banvel** in its original container only, away from oth er pesticides, fertilizer, food, or feed.
- 2. Keep the container closed to prevent spills and contamination.
- 3. Keep packages dry at all times.

NOTICE TO USER

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.

BANVEL® Herbicide

SOLUTION

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL)

REGISTRATION NO. 18837 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY ENDANGERING LIFE OR PROPERTY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL DAY OR NIGHT 1-800-454-2673



POISON

WARNING: EYE IRRITANT

NET CONTENTS: 10 L, 55 L

E.P.A. Est. No. 55947-TX-1

READ THE LABEL AND BOOKLET BEFORE USING

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

BASF Canada Inc. 100 Milverton Drive 5th Floor Mississauga, Ontario L5R 4H1 1-877-371-2273

BANVEL® is a registered trademark of BASF.

PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

Thaw if frozen. Shake before use.

Applicators must wear a long-slee ved shirt, long pants and chemical-resistant g loves. For applications to non-crop areas, applicators must also wear coveralls.

DO NOT enter treated fields until 12 hours after application to barley, low bush blueberries, canary(Phalaris canariensis), seed, corn (field), fallow, oats, pastures, red fescue, spring rye, seedling grasses, stubble fields, summer fallow and wheat (spring, durum).

If this pest control product is to be used on a commodit y that may be exported to the U.S. and you require information on acceptable residue levels in the U.S., visit CropLife Canada's web site at www.croplife.ca.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

TOXIC to a quatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Surface Runoff

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habita ts, consider the characteristics and conditions of the site before treatment. Site characteristics and conditions that may lead to runoff include, but are not limited to, heavy rain fall, moderate to steep slope, bare soil, poorly draining soil (e.g. soils that are compacted, fine textured or low in organic matter such as clay).

Potential contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including an untreated vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

Avoid applying this product when heavy rain is forecast.

Leaching

The use of this chemical may result in contamination of groundwater particularly in areas where soils are permeable (e.g. sand, loamy sand and sandy loam soils) and/or the depth to the water table is shallow.

FIRST AID

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rin se slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if prese nt, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Ca II a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vo miting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Dicamba may cause severe irritation to the eyes and irritation to the skin an d mucous membranes. Symptoms of overexposure to dicamba may include dizziness, muscle weakness, loss of appetite, weight loss, vomiting, decreased heart rate, shortness of breath, excitement, tenseness, depression, incontinence, cyanosis, muscle spasms, exhaustion and loss of voice.

Treat symptomatically.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- 1. **Banvel** should not be applied on or near desirable trees or plants.
- 2. Apply **Banvel** when air temperature is between 10 and 25°C. Do not apply when there is a risk of severe fall in night temperature after use.
- 3. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water. Thoroughly clean application equipment.
- 4. Do not treat areas where movement of the chemical into the soil or surface washin g may bring **Banvel** into contact with roots of desirable plants.
- 5. Crop damage can occur if the chemical is applied at any ti me other than the recommended crop stage.

NOTE: Crops growing under stre ss from ad verse environmental conditions such as excess moisture, droug ht, disease, etc., may suffer a furt her setback and exhibit more pronounced injury symptoms if **Banvel** is applied. However, the crop injury that may occur is usually offset by the weed control obtained.

- 6. Do not use additives such as oil, wetting ag ents, emulsifiers, detergents, spreaders, sticking agents, or dispersing agents with **Banvel** herbicide on crops.
- 7. For information on feeding and grazing of beef and dairy cattle on treated vegetation and for recommendations on treatment/harvest intervals, refer to the Table on Grazing Restrictions.
- 8. If **Banvel** is tank-mixed with anoth er product, such as 2,4-D, consult that product's label for additional safety pr ecautions, restrictions, application rates, timings and additional weeds controlled.
- 9. Ensure that spray equipment used to apply **Banvel** is properly cleaned before re-using to apply any other chemicals. See section on suggested procedure for cleaning spray equipment.

DISPOSAL

Do not reuse this cont ainer for any purpose. This is a re cyclable container, and it is to be dispose of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to spray mixture in the tank.
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For information on d isposal of unused, unwanted product, contact t he manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

STORAGE

- 1. Store **Banvel** in its original container only, away from oth er pesticides, fertilizer, food, or feed.
- 2. Keep the container closed to prevent spills and contamination.
- 3. Keep packages dry at all times.

NOTICE TO USER

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.

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