victory Against Anti-Pesticide Terrorists

British Columbia

FORCE OF NATURE | THE WHOLE TRUTH FROM AN INDEPENDENT PERSPECTIVE from National Organization Responding Against HUJE that seek to harm the Green Space Industry (NORAHG)



Victories Against Anti-Pesticide Terrorists Demonstrate The Real Trends AGAINST Pesticide Bans.

When PROHIBITION is IMPOSED, Government Officials will have done so in DEFIANCE of the TRENDS AGAINST PESTICIDE BANS.

Government Officials have learned a lot from the experience of those jurisdictions that have SUFFERED THE HARDSHIP AND COSTS AND LIABILITY OF THIS #@!!% PESTICIDE BAN NONSENSE!

Government Officials ARE THINKING TWICE BEFORE Banning Pesticides.

Without pest control products, TURF AND ORNAMENTAL PESTS ARE NOT CONTROLLED because Green Alternative Pesticides and Practices are DIS-MAL FAILURES.

Without pest control products, COMMUNITIES LIVE IN PEST-INFESTED GARBAGE DUMPS.

Without pest control products, CHILDREN ARE NOT KEPT SAFE FROM DAN-GEROUS PLAYING SURFACES.

Without pest control products, MUNICIPALITIES CANNOT AFFORD TO MAINTAIN THEIR GREENS SPACES IN BEAUTIFUL AND SAFE CONDITION.

Without pest control products, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS ARE LIABLE FOR CHILDREN BEING HURT ON DANGEROUS PEST-INFESTED PLAYING SURFACES.



The Trend Against Pesticide Bans Continues In British Columbia, and Across North America.

British Columbia GRANTED AN EXCEPTION STATUS to businesses operating in the Professional Lawn Care and Golf Industries.

Only SPECIALLY-TRAINED EXPERTS working within these industries are PERMITTED to use pest control products in the Urban Landscape.

The Government of British Columbia made THE RIGHT CHOICE, and deserves CONGRATULATION.

The government's decision was based upon the work of one of its Special Committees.

On May 17th, 2012, British Columbia's Special Committee on Cosmetic Pesticides STOPPED THE TREND towards NEEDLESS, SENSELESS, and MALICIOUS PROHIBITION.

The Special Committee announced that it WOULD NOT RECOMMEND PRO-HIBITION against pest control products used in the Urban Landscape.

British Columbia's decision CONFIRMS THAT THE PUBLIC REJECTS PROHIBITION.

This public attitude was also confirmed in a recent POLL conducted by Canadian Consumer Specialty Products Association (CCSPA).

The POLL CONFIRMED that the VAST MAJORITY of residents in British Columbia are OPPOSED to the PROHIBITION.

The ONLY people who want PROHIBITION are a SMALL GROUP of activists with VESTED INTERESTS IN CONCOCTING IMAGINARY DANGER against pest control products.

Moreover, there are dozens of jurisdictions that are STOPPING or RESCINDING or LIMITING Anti-Pesticide PROHIBITION, or GRANTING Professional Lawn Care businesses with an EXCEPTION STATUS. (See next segment.)

Real Trends AGAINST Pesticide Bans

There are dozens of jurisdictions that STOPPED or RESCINDED or LIMITED Anti-Pesticide PROHIBITION, or granted Professional Lawn Care businesses with an EXCEPTION STATUS —

New Brunswick - VICTORY! Alberta - VICTORY! Altona - VICTORY! Newfoundland - VICTORY! Ashland - VICTORY! Port Alberni - VICTORY ! Portage La Prairie - VICTORY! Beaumont - VICTORY! British Columbia - VICTORY! Quebec - VICTORY! Calgary - VICTORY! Regina - victory! Campbell River - victory! Rossland - VICTORY! Saint John's - VICTORY! Chicago (Illinois) - victory ! Durango - victory! Salmon Arm - VICTORY! Edmonton - VICTORY Scarborough - VICTORY! Steinbach - VICTORY! Everett - VICTORY! Guelph - VICTORY! Stuartburn - VICTORY! Guelph-Eramosa - VICTORY! Vernon - VICTORY! Kamloops - victory! Winkler - VICTORY! AND NOW ... Kelowna - victory! BRITISH COLUMBIA Merritt - VICTORY!



British Columbia's Changes For The Use Of Pesticides

February 20th, 2013

CKNW AM 980 Radio

Province Of British Columbia

Selected And Adapted Excerpts

On February 20th, 2013, legislation was introduced that will expand rules for the use of pest control products to people who work on private land-scaped areas.

According to Environment Minister Terry Lake —

What we think of as cosmetic pesticides will only be used by someone who is CERTIFIED, who is LICENSED to be able to use them.

In fact, the rule change does not apply to the agriculture industry, forestry, golf courses and industrial land and municipalities and First Nations can opt out.

New Democratic Party (NDP), the POLITICAL SHIELD for Anti-Pesticide Activists, says Premier Christy Clark has somehow abandoned her promise to restrict pest control products used in the Urban Landscape.



British Columbia Proposes Changes To Restrict Pesticides

February 21st, 2013

Beacon News BC

Province Of British Columbia

Selected And Adapted Excerpts

Pesticide use on private landscapes under scrutiny under MOUNTING AND UNFOUNDED CONCERNS from Anti-Pesticide Lunatics.

Pest control products in British Columbia may be LIMITED TO SPECIALLY-TRAINED INDIVIDUALS.

The use of pest control products could change in the province as British Columbia is proposing several amendments to its Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Act.

There are MOCK-CONCERNS from Anti-Pesticide Lunatics over the ALLEGED ill effects stemming from the use of pest control products.

In May 2012, British Columbia's Special Committee On Cosmetic Pesticides presented its report to the government.

The Special Committee DID NOT RECOMMEND BANNING PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS.

British Columbia Proposes Changes To Restrict Pesticides (continued)

The Special Committee did suggest that the government introduce a law allowing ONLY SPECIALLY TRAINED INDIVIDUALS TO APPLY PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ON PRIVATE LANDSCAPES.

The Special Committee also suggested leaving some exemptions so that untrained individuals (i.e. home-owners) remain free to use Green Alternative Pesticides that are, in fact, DISMAL FAILURES AND DO NOT WORK.

According to a recommendation from British Columbia's Special Committee On Cosmetic Pesticides —

Amend the IPM Regulation regarding how pesticides can be used by landscapers for lawn and landscape pest management, to require IPM ACCREDITATION for landscaping licensees.





Some Changes Coming For British Columbia

Official Government Media Release



February 20th, 2013

Ministry Of Environment

Province Of British Columbia

Selected And Adapted Excerpts

Taking into account over 8,000 comments from a public consultation as well as recommendations from the bi-partisan Special Committee On Cosmetic Pesticides, the PROPOSED AMENDMENTS to the Integrated Pest Management Act will address public concern over the use of cosmetic pesticides on private landscaped areas.

The goal of this legislation is to ensure cosmetic pesticides are being used safely and responsibly.

Some Changes Coming For British Columbia, Official Government Media Release (continued)

Over 5,000 of the public responses called for at least a restriction on the scope of pesticides used on private landscaped areas.

Additionally, the legislature and the majority of members of the Special Committee called for tighter restrictions on the sale and use of pesticides.

Government has taken both the committee's report and public input seriously, and this will be reflected in the regulations which will be developed to take a more formal approach.

The Special Committee recognized Integrated Pest Management (IPM) as a responsible approach to the use of pesticides.

However, the PROPOSED AMENDMENTS go one step further to ensure pesticides are used responsibly by trained individuals by EXPANDING EXISTING REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSING TO INCLUDE THOSE APPLYING PESTICIDES TO PRIVATE LANDSCAPED AREAS.

Input from the public submissions and guidance from the committee's report will help inform the intent of the regulations.

Key considerations include —

- Pesticides SHOULD BE USED BY LICENSED PEOPLE WITH KNOWLEDGE AND TRAINING.
- Allowing the Minister of Environment the ability to identify specific exemptions from the licensing requirement, including PRE-SCRIBING LISTS OF PESTICIDES which can be used by uncertified individuals [i.e. home-owners]. These lists would be similar to exempted lists in other provinces, and will likely include pesticides with naturally-occurring active ingredients.

Some Changes Coming For British Columbia, Official Government Media Release (continued)

This approach aligns with the conclusion reached by the bi-partisan committee, in particular recommendation 14-

Amend the IPM Regulation regarding how pesticides can be used by landscapers for lawn and landscape pest management, to REQUIRE IPM ACCREDITATION FOR LANDSCAPING LICENSEES.

Those NOT AFFECTED by the amendments include the agriculture industry, forestry industry, golf courses, and land used for industrial purposes.

Municipalities and First Nations with law-making authority will also be able to opt out of the licensing requirements if they so choose.

Enabling by design, government will take the necessary time needed to develop the supporting regulations and will consult with industry to work out the fine details.

The proposed model is intended to achieve the objectives of reducing unnecessary use of pesticides in the most cost-effective manner.

The Special Committee On Cosmetic Pesticides was created to inquire into and make recommendations with respect to the elimination of unnecessary use of pesticides in British Columbia and to conduct consultations with the public and key stake-holders.

The committee released its report on May 17, 2012, concluding that regulations restricting the use of cosmetic pesticides should be tightened but not banned outright.



Revising The Integrated Pest Management Act

CropLife Media Release



February 21st, 2013

Response From CropLife Canada

Re: Province Of British Columbia

Selected And Adapted Excerpts

CropLife Canada is the trade association representing manufacturers, developers and distributors of pest control products, including those designed specifically for urban use.

Revising The Integrated Pest Management Act CropLife Media Release (continued)

The British Columbia government sent out a news release on February 20th, 2013, about PROPOSED AMENDMENTS to the Integrated Pest Management Act.

The news release highlighted that « input from the public submissions and guidance from the committee's report will help inform the intent of the regulations ».

Key considerations include —

- Pesticides SHOULD BE USED BY LICENSED PEOPLE with knowledge and training.
- Allowing the Minister of Environment the ability to identify specific exemptions from the licensing requirement, including PRE-SCRIBING LISTS OF PESTICIDES which can be used by uncertified individuals [i.e. home-owners]. These lists would be similar to exempted lists in other provinces and will likely include pesticides with naturally occurring active ingredients.

CropLife Canada sent the following response to a number of media outlets to let them know we are a resource to speak to this topic —

CropLife Canada, the trade association representing the developers, manufacturers and distributors of pesticides, is available to comment on the Government of British Columbia's decision to CONTRAVENE THE ADVICE of its own Special Committee On Cosmetic Pesticides through its proposed amendments to the Integrated Pest Management Act.

While the Government of British Columbia will continue to allow TRAINED INDIVIDUALS to use Health Canada-approved pesticides — thus acknowledging the value of protecting important green spaces from the ravages of insects, weeds and disease — we are disappointed that the govern-

Revising The Integrated Pest Management Act CropLife Media Release (continued)

ment has OVERLOOKED THE STRICT REGULATORY SYSTEM HEALTH CANA-DA HAS IN PLACE FOR DOMESTIC-USE PRODUCTS.

Our industry has repeatedly offered to help develop and deliver educational initiatives to address concerns about over-use of pest control products, something which would have provided British Columbia residents with a solution to concerns about possible over-use without adding further financial burdens to home-owners.





Pickles May Be Hazardous To Your Health

The Fraser Institute Report



August 10th, 2011

Nachum Gabler, Economist, & Joel Wood, Senior Research Economist, Centre For Risk And Regulation, The Fraser Institute

Re: Province Of British Columbia

Troy Media - Calgary Beacon

Selected And Adapted Excerpts

The Fraser Institute is an independent non-profit research and educational organization (THINK-TANK) based in Canada that espouses free market principles.

The BUSY-BODY TENDENCIES of British Columbia politicians are leading to the further regulation of what had previously been the refuge of green thumbs across the province — green lawns, colorful flower beds, and ripening vegetable gardens.

As of early July 2011, the British Columbia government has been reviewing the feasibility of further regulating your private garden by ADOPTING ILL-CONCEIVED LAWS restricting pesticide use that DO NOT ACCURATELY REFLECT THE CURRENT STATE OF SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE.

A HASTY BAN on the cosmetic use of artificial pesticides SHOULD NOT BE IMPLEMENTED UNTIL THE UNDERLYING SCIENCE IS CONCLUSIVE and a comprehensive analysis of the potential side effects resulting from the ban has been undertaken.

British Columbia A Follower, Not A Leader

By banning pesticides for cosmetic uses, BRITISH COLUMBIA WOULD BE FOLLOWING THE QUESTIONABLE PRECEDENT set by several other provinces.

For example, Ontario has restricted the sale and use of more than 250 pesticide products and 80 pesticide ingredients.

These provincial prohibitions on cosmetic use of artificial pesticides may apply to lawns, vegetable and ornamental gardens, driveways, cemeteries, public parks and school grounds.

Similarly, dozens of municipalities across Canada have introduced their own restrictions on cosmetic pesticide use.

The justification for a ban on the cosmetic use of artificial pesticides is based on the « precautionary principle » which concludes that any activity that might potentially constitute a « threat of harm » on humans or the eco-system should be curtailed or abated, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER A « CAUSE-AND-EFFECT » RELATIONSHIP HAS BEEN CONCRETELY ESTABLISHED.

For example, the CANADIAN CANCER SOCIETY argues that the current evidence of a connection between cancer and artificial pesticide exposure is sufficient to justify a ban, DESPITE READILY ADMITTING THAT NO « CAUSE-AND-EFFECT » RELATIONSHIP HAS BEEN « ESTABLISHED SCIENTIFICALLY ».

Many of the artificial pesticides that would be banned ARE NOT PROVEN TO BE CARCINOGENIC.

For example, the WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION [WHO] only lists the common pesticide 2,4-D in the SAME CANCER RISK CATEGORY AS PICKLED VEGETABLES AND CELL PHONES.

And, just recently, the UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY [US EPA] conducted a review of the scientific literature and concluded that THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE OF A LINK BETWEEN CANCER AND 2,4-D.

If we take the « precautionary principle » to its natural conclusion, governments should also be banning HOUSEHOLD SOAP.

Scientists at Cornell University have developed the ENVIRONMENTAL IM-PACT QUOTIENT (EIQ) as a measure of the relative impact of common pesticide ingredients on humans and the environment.

The EIQ is actually LOWER for many artificial pesticides than the EIQ for many other mundane household items and « *natural* » pesticide alternatives.

For example, THE EIQ FOR SOAP IS HIGHER THAN THE EIQ FOR 2,4-D.

While politicians may think they're doing good, a ban on the use of artificial pesticides for cosmetic purposes IMPOSES COSTS on many British Columbians.

The existence of a market for pesticides for cosmetic use suggests that Canadians derive value from having these landscape-enhancing products available for purchase.

Prohibiting the cosmetic use of artificial pesticides ignores the benefits Canadians enjoy in maintaining aesthetically pleasing green landscapes.

Furthermore, a BLANKET PROHIBITION on cosmetic pesticide use LACKS THE CAREFUL CONTRASTING OF COSTS AND BENEFITS that should be undertaken before any possible regulations are adopted.

A wiser approach to evaluating the merits of any regulation controlling cosmetic pesticide use would weigh the trade-offs implied by the proposed regulation.

Ban Could Lead To Higher Risk Solutions

Making matters worse, a BLANKET BAN might also encourage individuals to substitute the banned product with ALTERNATIVES THAT CAN BE POTENTIALLY MORE HAZARDOUS.

Consider the recent case of a Victoria couple who accidently SET THEIR HOME ABLAZE while trying to eradicate their weed problem with a BLOW TORCH, since artificial pesticide use is banned in Victoria.

Though this case is anecdotal, it lends credibility to the assertion that using public policy to subvert market forces and regulate the availability of certain commodities that might potentially pose some kind of a risk is LIKELY TO GIVE BIRTH TO OTHER RISKS.

These other risks arise from the sometimes clever, sometimes careless, ways Canadians adapt to altered incentives resulting from regulation.

British Columbia's politicians should AVOID ENACTING POORLY DESIGNED REGULATIONS to control pesticide use that may ultimately PROVE MORE DAMAGING than the pesticides themselves.



NACHUM GABLER is an Economist and a Research Assistant in the Centre for Canadian-American Relations at The Fraser Institute.

Nachum Gabler's education includes — M.A., Economics, Boston University, and B.A. (Honours), Economics & Business, York University.

He was a Research Intern at The Cato Institute, and an Analyst at Friedberg Mercantile Ltd.



JOEL WOOD is The Fraser Institute's Senior Research Economist in the Centre for Environmental Studies and Centre for Risk and Regulation.

He has completed a Master's degree in Economics and a Ph.D. in Economics from the University of Guelph under the supervision of Dr. Ross McKitrick.

Dr. Wood completed his under-graduate studies in Economics at the University of British Columbia.

His areas of research interest include environmental economics, energy economics, natural resource economics, applied econometrics, applied micro-economics, and public policy.



THE FRASER INSTITUTE is an independent non-profit research and educational organization (THINK-TANK) based in Canada that espouses free market principles.

In 2010, The Fraser Institute was ranked No. 1 among 97 THINK-TANKS in Canada, for the third year in a row, in the University of Pennsylvania's Global Go-To THINK-TANK Index, a global survey of close to 1,500 scholars, policy makers, and journalists.

The report also named The Fraser Institute as the only Canadian organization in the Top 25 leading THINK-TANKS in the world in 2010, out of a global group of 6,480 THINK-TANKS.

Real Trends

AGAINST
PESTICIDE BANS

FORCE OF NATURE | THE WHOLE TRUTH FROM AN INDEPENDENT PERSPECTIVE from National Organization Responding Against HUJE that seek to harm the Green Space Industry (NORAHG)



Demonstrating Real Trends AGAINST Pesticide Bans

ALBERTA,
Province of

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

2011 08 09 — Officials STOPPED a proposed prohibition and stated that the province would not create prohibition that conflicted with the federal government.



Victories

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

ALTONA,
Town of
(Manitoba)

Proposed
Provincial
Prohibition
OPPOSED



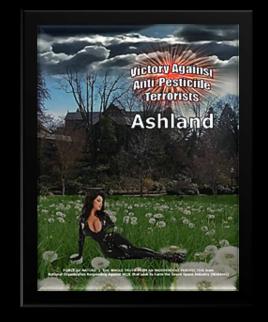
 $2012\ 10\ 09$ — The mayor strongly and publicly OPPOSED the proposal for a provincial prohibition.



Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

ASHLAND, GTTY OF (OFEGON, USA)

Existing
Prohibition
RESCINDED



2012 03 02 — Parks department staff reported that organic Green Alternative Pesticides proved largely ineffective for controlling weeds, and parks commissioners unanimously RESCINDED the city's prohibition, and re-authorized pest control products on baseball and softball infields.

Victories

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

DEAUMORT,
Town of
((Alberta))

Proposed
Prohibition
Stopped

2011 10 27 — Officials VOTED-OFF and STOPPED a proposal for prohibition because they believed that this was a provincial initiative, if not federal.



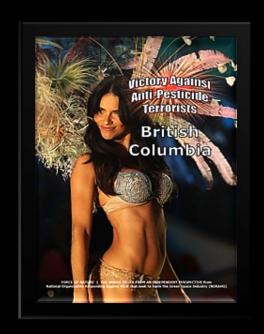


Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

BRITISH COLUMBIA, Province of

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

2012 05 17 — The Special Committee On Cosmetic Pesticides announced that it would NOT RECOMMEND a provincial prohibition, and the proposal was STOPPED.





NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

BRITISH COLUMBIA, Province of

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED,
Again

Professional Lawn
Care Granted
EXCEPTION STATUS



 $2013\ 02\ 20\ -$ Officials announced that there will be NO provincial prohibition for licensed applicators who will now be granted with an EXCEPTION STATUS.

Victories

Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

CALCARY,

City of

(Alberta)

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

2009 11 16 — City council STEERED CLEAR OF and STOPPED an outright prohibition, since it was proven in other jurisdictions that these prohibitions DO NOT WORK.



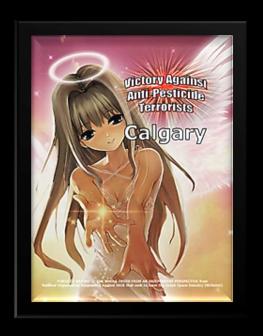
Victories

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

CALCARY, City of (Alberta)

Existing
Prohibition
DISCARDED

2011 03 28 — Officials DIS-CARDED the city's self-imposed prohibition on its municipal green spaces because of the invasion of noxious weeds.





Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

CAMPBELL RIVER, City of (British Columbia)

Proposed
Prohibition
Extringuished

2012 07 05 — City councillors REJECTED a staff recommendation for prohibition, and the proposal was EXTINGUISHED.



Victories

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

CHICAGO, City of (Illinois) Park District of Highland Park

Existing
Prohibition
RESCINDED



2011 08 19 — Commissioners CANCELLED the Integrated Pest Management Program and RE-SCINDED prohibition because Green Alternative Pesticides DID NOT WORK and parks became over-run with weeds that covered 60 per cent of the playing surfaces.



Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

DURANGO, City of (Colorado)

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

2021 08 22 — City council voted unanimously to REJECT and STOP a proposed prohibition against pest control products and synthetic fertilizers on city parks and personal property.



Victories

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

EDMORTON,

City of

(Alberta)

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

2012 02 06 — City councillors TURNED DOWN and STOPPED calls to prohibit pest control products, opting instead for a report in two years outlining any progress in reducing city use of these chemicals.





Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

EVERETT,

City of

(Washington)

Existing
Pesticide-Free
Project ENDED

Spraying Weeds
RESUMED



2012 06 06 — The Prohibition on the Lowell Park Pilot-Project was END-ED, and the spraying weeds was RESUMED because the city was forced to resort to the back-breaking and agonizing job of weed-pulling by hand, and could not find enough volunteers.

Victories

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

CUELPH,
City of
(Ontario)

Existing
Prohibition
REVERSED

2011 06 07 — Officials RE-VERSED the city's prohibition, and hired a contractor to apply at least three applications herbicides to eliminate so-called non-native weed species like dandelion because it was not otherwise possible to control weeds.





Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

GUELPH-ERAMOSA, Township of (Ontario)

Existing
Prohibition
RESCINDED

Road-Side Spraying RESUMED



2011 01 21 — Council agreed to an impassioned plea from local farmers and weed experts to RESCIND prohibition and REINSTATED and RESUMED road-side herbicide applications in the township since weeds were spreading to adjacent farmland, triggering higher costs for farmers.

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

KAMLOOPS,

City of

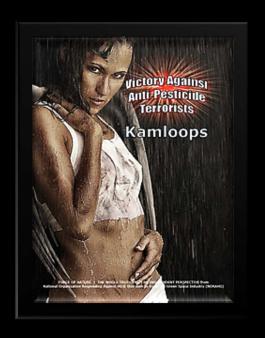
(British Columbia)

Proposed Total
Prohibition
STOPPED

Professional Lawn

Care Granted

EXCEPTION STATUS



2012 05 29 — City council did not provide enough support for prohibition on all uses of pest control products, the proposal was STOPPED, and professional lawn care businesses were granted an EXCEPTION STATUS.



KELOWNA,

City of

(British Columbia)

Proposed Total
Prohibition
STOPPED

Professional Lawn
Care Granted
EXCEPTION STATUS



 $2010\ 02\ 08$ — Officials granted an EXCEPTION STATUS to licensed applicators who should be allowed to use whatever pest control products they choose.

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

MERRITT,
Town of
(British Columbia)

Proposed
Prohibition
Stopped

2010 05 14 — City council resisted efforts by green activists, and a proposed prohibition was STOP-PED.





NEW BRUNSWICK (Province)

Imposed Prohibition
LIMITED

Active Ingredients
Permitted, Except 2,4-D

Professional
Lawn Care Granted
EXCEPTION STATUS



2009 06 30 — A LIMITED provincial prohibition was imposed against several over-the-counter pest control products containing the ingredient 2,4-D, but home-owners could still spot-treat weeds using pre-mixed over-the-counter products, and professional lawn care businesses were granted an EXCEPTION STATUS if their employees had the proper training in integrated pest management, and if they do not use pest control products over more than fifty per cent of a lawn in one season.

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

NEWFOUNDLAND
& LABRADOR
(Province)

Existing Prohibition REVERSED

Road-Side Spraying RESUMED

Commercial
Applicators Granted
EXCEPTION STATUS



2012 08 10 $\,-\,$ An EXCEPTION STATUS was granted to commercial applicators, despite a 2011 provincial prohibition, and RESUMED road-side spraying throughout the province to control vegetation to improve visibility and reduce moose-vehicle collisions.

Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

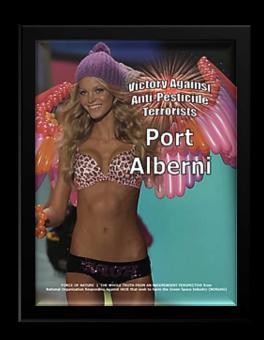
PORT ALBERNI,

City of

(British Columbia)

Existing
Prohibition
RESCINDED

2012 10 24 — Officials NIXED and RESCINDED its existing prohibition because of the FAILURE of Organic Pesticide-Free Maintenance, and the STUNNINGLY EXORBITANT COST of maintaining green spaces with green alternative pesticides.



NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

PORTAGE
LA PRATRIE,
Rural
Municipality of
(Manitoba)

Proposed
Provincial
Prohibition
OPPOSED



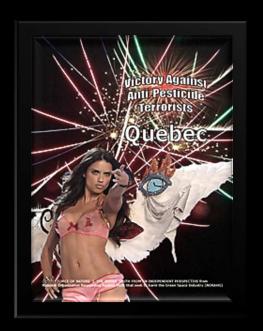
2012 06 13 — Officials publicly OPPOSED Manitoba's proposed provincial prohibition because Organic Pesticide-Free Maintenance HAS NOT BEEN PROVEN AS EFFECTIVE as conventional pest control products, and city councillors were concerned that prohibition was going to COST MORE MONEY and could be the cause of MORE PROBLEMS.



QUEBEC,
Province of

Existing
Prohibition
INVALIDATED

Prohibition
DEFEATED
By Lawsuit



2011 05 26 — The province's 2006 prohibition was INVALIDATED and DEFEATED when a legal challenge was settled, and government officials were humiliated into admitting that 2,4-D DID NOT POSE an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment.

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

QUEBEC,
Province of

Imposed
Prohibition
LIMITED

Permitted
Active Ingredients



2003~04~03~- Limited prohibition was put in force on April 3^{rd} , 2003, and finally implemented on April 3^{rd} , 2006, and although Quebec

prohibited pest control products containing 2,4-D, it is a little-known fact that Quebec was NEVER TRULY PESTICIDE-FREE since it DID NOT PROHIBIT ALL PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS, and continued to permit several conventional products.

Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

RECINA, City of (Saskatchewan)

Proposed
Prohibition
Stopped,
Again

Prohibition
Was Deemed
INAPPROPRIATE



2012 06 28 — The Environment Advisory Committee again DECIDED AGAINST prohibition for the second time since June 4th, 2002, when it was found that prohibition was INAPPROPRIATE.

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

RECINA,
City of
(Saskatchewan)

Proposed
Prohibition
Stopped,
Again



Prohibition
Had No Support

2012 06 04 — Officials again DROPPED and STOPPED a proposal for a municipal Prohibition because it was NOT SUPPORTED by health and policy experts, and it was NOT SUPPORTED by local residents.

Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

RECINA,
City of
(Saskatchewan)

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

Prohibition
Was Deemed
INAPPROPRIATE



2002 06 04 — Environmental Advisory Committee did NOT believe it was appropriate to recommend a prohibition, and the proposal was STOPPED.

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

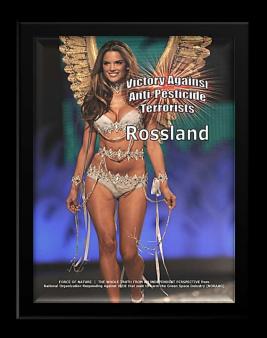
ROSSLAND,

City of

(British Columbia)

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

2010 12 15 — A proposed prohibition DIED ANOTHER PROCEDURAL DEATH and was DELAYED and STOPPED.

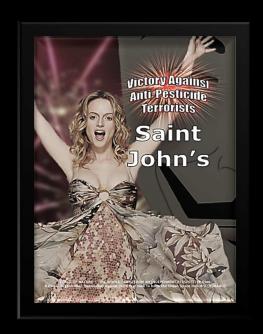


Anti-Pesticide Trend STOPPED & No Longer Fashionable

SAINT JOHN'S, City of (Newfoundland)

Existing Prohibition
LIMITED

Proposed
Road-Side
Weed Control
Prohibition
Fizzled-Out



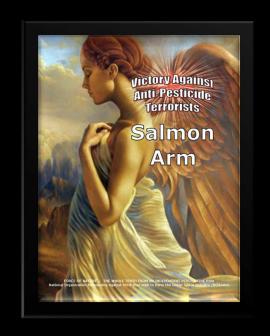
 $2012\ 09\ 05$ — City councillors narrowly VOTED AGAINST prohibiting a chemical spray used to control brush along Newfoundland and Labrador's highways.

NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

SALMON ARM, City of (British Columbia)

Existing
Prohibition
RESCINDED

Professional Lawn
Care Granted
EXCEPTION STATUS



2011 03 08 — Elected officials RESCINDED prohibition in favour of certified applicators, and provided lawn care businesses with an EXCEPTION STATUS.



SCARBOROUGH,
Town of
(Maine)

Existing
Prohibition
RESCINDED

2012 04 19 — Officials RE-SCINDED prohibition by replacing its 7-month-old policy promoting the use of Organic Pesticide-Free Maintenance with a new policy that allowed pest control products on property owned by the town.



NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

STEINDACH,

City of

(Manitoba)

Proposed
Provincial
Prohibition
Opposed

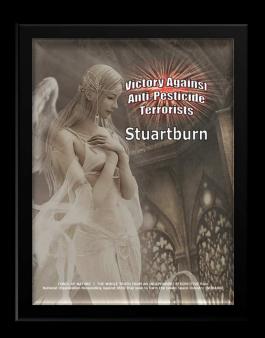
2012 06 19 — City council joined other municipal councils to publicly urge the Government of Manitoba to DROP ITS PLANS for a provincial prohibition because people should have the right to choose for themselves how they best take care of their own lawns and the city should be able to choose how it takes care of its own green spaces.





STUARTBURN,
Rural
Municipality of
(Manitoba)

Proposed
Provincial
Prohibition
Opposed



2012 05 22 — Officials publicly OPPOSED Manitoba's proposed prohibition because it would ADVERSELY AFFECT this rural municipality and several others throughout the province.

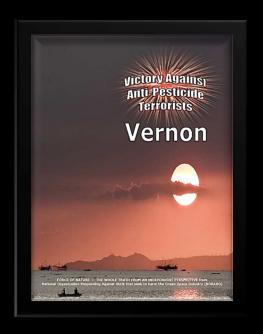


NO Pesticide Ban Means Beautiful & Safe Communities

VERNON,
City of
(British Columbia)

Proposed
Prohibition
STOPPED

2010 01 12 & 2010 01 26 — Officials scrapped and STOPPED a proposed prohibition as this city REFUSED to endorse the idea of telling home-owners that they could not spray on their own private land to keep it immaculate.



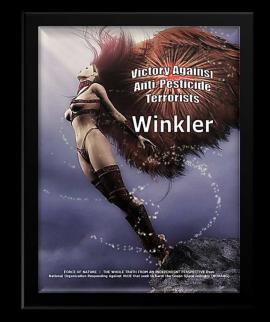


WINKLER,

City of

(Manitoba)

Proposed
Provincial
Prohibition
OPPOSED



2012 10 09 — The Mayor made it quite clear he was publicly OP-POSED to the idea of a province-wide prohibition in Manitoba because he did NOT want to see his city's beautification program go to waste, and did NOT want to spend the millions of dollars more on a ridiculous prohibition.





We are living in the 9|11 Era of Anti Pesticide and Environmental Terrorism where at least ONE SUVERSIVE ACT OF TERROR is Perpetrated EVERY SINGLE DAY by enviro lunatics.

We are living in the DARK AGE OF ANTI PESTICIDE TERRORISM where sound science is trumped FAKE SCIENTISTS, JUNK SCIENCE and UNVERIFIABLE SECRET EVIDENCE through FABRICATION, I NUENDO, and INTERNET RUMOUR — scientific research PROVES that pest control products CAUSE I HARM and can be USED SAFFLY.

NORAHG is the National Organization Responding Against HUJE that seek to harm the Green space dustry.

NORAHG morally represents the VAST SILENT MAJORITY of people associated with turf and ornamen plant maintenance who are OPPOSED to Anti Pesticide PROHIBITION and the CLOSURE of green spac under the RIDICULOUS PRETEXT of somehow « saving » the environment.

NORAHG is a NATIONAL NON PROFIT NON PARTISAN organization that does not accept money fro corporations or governments or trade associations, and represents NO VESTED INTERESTS WHATS EVER.

NORAHG is dedicated to reporting the work of RESPECTED and HIGHLY RATED EXPERTS who promo

Anti Pesticide HUJE are enviro lunatics and lawn haters who particularly DESPISE the golf industry they are Hateful Underhanded Jokes as Environmentalists who have been WRONG FOR OVER YEARS.

There is NO RECOURSE but LITIGATION against Anti Pesticide HUJE.

Another RECOURSE is to SEEK the CANCELLATION of GOVERNMENT GRANTS and REVOCATION of t TAX EXEMPT STATUS of Anti Pesticide Organizations.

HUJE should Get OFF Our grASS, and they should Roast In Hell.

NORAHG manages the Library of Force Of Nature Reports and References, which is a VAST ARCHIVE REPORTS, MEDIA REFERENCES, AUDIO CLIPS, and VIDEOS on ALL Anti Pesticide Terrorist Acts of Suversion

The purpose of this ARCHIVE is to provide information that will lead to a SUCCESSFUL LITIGATION AGAINST Anti-Pesticide Organizations.

All names, statements, activities, and affiliations have been ARCHIVED for the intention of eventi CRIMINAL CHARGES.

When CRIMINAL CHARGES for FRAUD and CONSPIRACY are laid, legal experts say that the ARCHIVE sufficient to lead to a SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTION!

NORAHG also produces FORCE OF NATURE, reports that present THE WHOLE TRUTH FROM AN INI PENDENT PERSPECTIVE about environmental issues, including anti pesticide terrorism.

FORCE OF NATURE is a series of reports destined for the green space industry, the environmental term ist movement, governments, and the media, nationwide across Canada, the United States, and over seas.

FORCE OF NATURE is committed to SOUND SCIENCE, as well as ground breaking original reporting the informs, entertains, and creates real change.

Ine Force Of Nature Series of Reports — Agriculture • ALBERTA Conspiracy • Bee Colony Collapse Disorder • Benefits of the Turfgrass Industry • Beyond Pitides • Books That Screwed Up the World • BRITISH COLUMBIA Conspiracy • Canadian Canadian Canadian Association of Physicians for the Environment • CARNAGE and Consequence of Lunatic Terrorist Prohibition • Controversial Prohibitions • Culprits of the Prohibition Conspirations • Dating Services for Enviro Malacs • David Suzuki Foundation • DDT and Our World of Politicized Science • Death and Illing (Alleged) • Departure Letters • Ecojustice Canada • Energy Sector • Environmental Terrori UNMASKED • Environmental Terrorist Organizations • Enviro PROFIT • Environmental Defer • FAILURE of IPM, Pesticide Manufacturers, Prohibition, Trade Associations • Famous Quotation About Enviro Lunatics • Fertilizer TERROR • Food and Farming • Get Off Our grASS • Glo Warming, The Scam of Our Lifetime • Glyphosate Herbicide • Golf Industry • Green Alternativ • Green Party • Halloween Terror • Happy Holidays • Health Canada • Health Concerns w Pest Control Products • Heroes Speaking Out Against Environmental Terror • History of Environmental Terror in Canada • History of the Turfgrass Industry • Letters to the Editor • LIARS a Lying Sacks of (Enviro Maniac) Cwap • Mock Advertisements • Mock Speeches • Myth BUSTI • NATIONAL Prohibition • NEW BRUNSWICK Conspiracy • NO Prohibition Exception for AGRICC TURE Industry • NO Prohibition Exception for GOLF Industry • NOVA SCOTIA Conspiracy • No America Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) • ONTARIO Conspiracy, Haven For Environmental Terror • Ontario College of Family Physicians • Organic Golf Courses • Organic Maintenance • Organic Terror • Positive Warten • Positiv



(Interesting and Innovative Ininking) • PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND (PEI) Conspiracy • QUEBEC Pinibition • Quotations About Enviro Lunatics & Maniacs • Rachel Carson, The Queen of Junk Scier • SASKATCHEWAN Conspiracy • Satire, Laughs & Insanity • Terror That NEVER Ends • TE ROR Talk and Weasel Words • THE AVENGERS • The Environmental Factor • The FAILURES Green Alternatives, Organic Golf Courses, BROWN Golf Courses, Integrated Pest Management, Pestici Free Parks. and Pesticide Manufacturers • The Ontario Trillium Foundation • The Industry STRIK Back • The Wilhelm Scream • The Wisdom of REAL Experts • Tukey TERRORISM • TWIST Precautionary Principle • United States Enviro TERRORISM • UPDATES • VICTORIES Again Terrorists • Video, Audio, and Slide Shows • VIOLATING Federal Law • VIOLATING Prohibition WARNINGS • Weapons of Ultimate Environmental Terror • Wind Power (Boous) • 2.4-D

The information presented in FORCE OF NATURE has been developed for the education and enterta ment of the reader by providing a sequence of events WITH COMMENTARY, striving for accuracy in h tory, politics, and science.

FORCE OF NATURE is TOTALLY INDEPENDENT and provides NO guarantee regarding accuracy or coupleteness. In no event shall FORCE OF NATURE be liable for any incidental or consequential damage lost profits, or any indirect damages.

NORAHG also produces A LOOK AT, a series of reports providing TECHNICAL INFORMATION on issu such as Career Management, Golf Course Maintenance, Green Alternatives, Summer Stress, Turfgra Pests, and Turfgrass Species.

Finally, NORAHG frequently responds to anti pesticide activists in LETTERS TO THE EDITOR in newsp pers across Canada and around the world.

All information, excerpts, and pictures contained in FORCE OF NATURE, A LOOK AT, and LETTERS THE EDITOR were retrieved from the Internet, and may be considered in the public domain.

FORCE OF NATURE, A LOOK AT, and their various incarnations, was the brainchild of William H. Gathe cole and his colleagues in 1991. Mr. Gathercole is now retired, although his name continues to appe as founder.

Here is a brief summary of Mr. Gathercole's career —

Fields of study — Horticulture/Agriculture, Mathematics, Physics

Alma mater — McGill University • University of Guelph • the first person ever to obtain univers degrees and contribute to both the professional lawn care and golf maintenance industries

Expertise in — environmental issues and anti pesticide terrorism • turf and ornamental mair nance and troubleshooting • history of the industry • sales and distribution of seeds, chemic fertilizers, and equipment • fertilizer manufacturing and distribution

Notable activities — worked in virtually all aspects of the green space industry, including golf, profisional lawn care, distribution, environmental compliance, government negotiations, public affairs, a workplace safety • supervisor, consultant, and, programmer for the successful execution of hundre of thousands of management operations in the golf and urban landscape, as well as millions of pest coursely applications • advisor, instructor, and trainer for thousands of turf and ornamental management technicians • pesticide certification instructor for thousands of industry workers • founder the modern professional lawn care industry • prolific writer for industry publications and e-newslette first to confirm the invasion of European Chafer insect in both the Montreal region and the Vancour Fraser Valley region • with Dr. Peter Dernoeden, confirmed the presence of Take All Patch as a cease of turf in Eastern Canada • with Dr. David Shetlar, confirmed the presence of Kentucky Blograss Scale as an insect pest in South Western Ontario, and later, in the Montreal and Vancouver gloons

Special contributions — creator of the exception status that has allowed the golf industry to avoid to the signs that are now used for posting af application. It is confirmed to antiper of annual winter convention for Quebec golf course superintendents. It is major influence in the decision by Canadian Cancer Society to stop selling for profit pesticide treated defodils. It is the only true reliable witness of the events of anti-pesticide prohibition in the town of Hudso Quebec. It retired founder of FORCE OF NATURE and A LOOK AT reports.

Notable award — the very first man of the year for contributions leading to the successful founding Quebec professional lawn care industry, which served as a beach-head against anti pesticide activists the 1980s and 1990s

Legacy — Mr. Gathercole and his colleagues ... designed and implemented strategies that rein anti pesticide activists to provide peace and prosperity for the entire modern green space industry acro Canada • orchestrated legal action against anti pesticide activists in the town of Hudson, Quebec launched the largest founding professional lawn care business in Canada • quadrupled the busing revenues of one of the largest suppliers in Canada

Mr. Gathercole is now retired, although his name continues to appear as founder of FORCE OF NATU and A LOOK AT reports.